

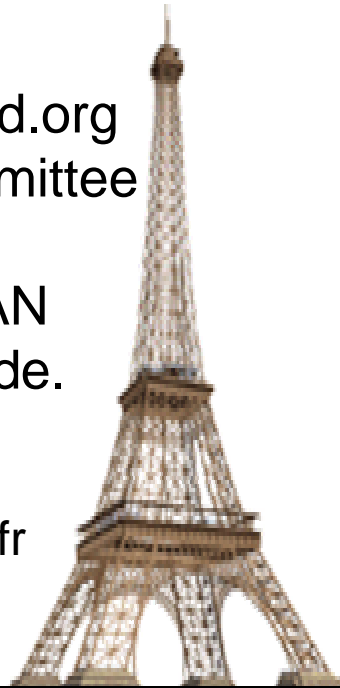


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WlanSmartcard.org Technical Committee

Wireless LAN A primer guide.

Paris, February 5th
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Paris 02/05/2003



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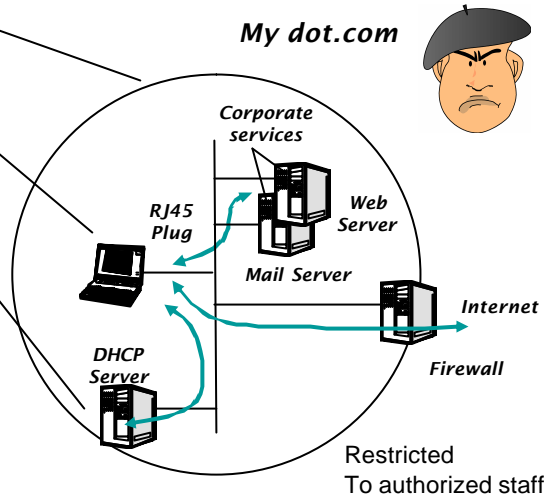
From wired internet to ubiquitous wireless internet

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Classical intranet.

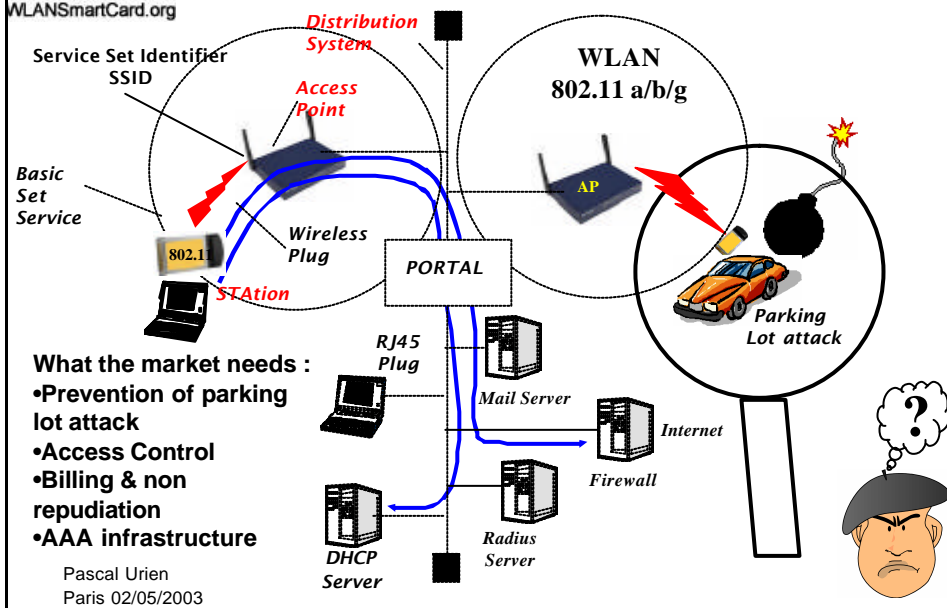
- Network access is restricted to authorized staff.
- PCs are physically connected by RJ45 plugs.
- DHCP servers are unsecured, intranet services are freely available (indoors).



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Wireless LAN



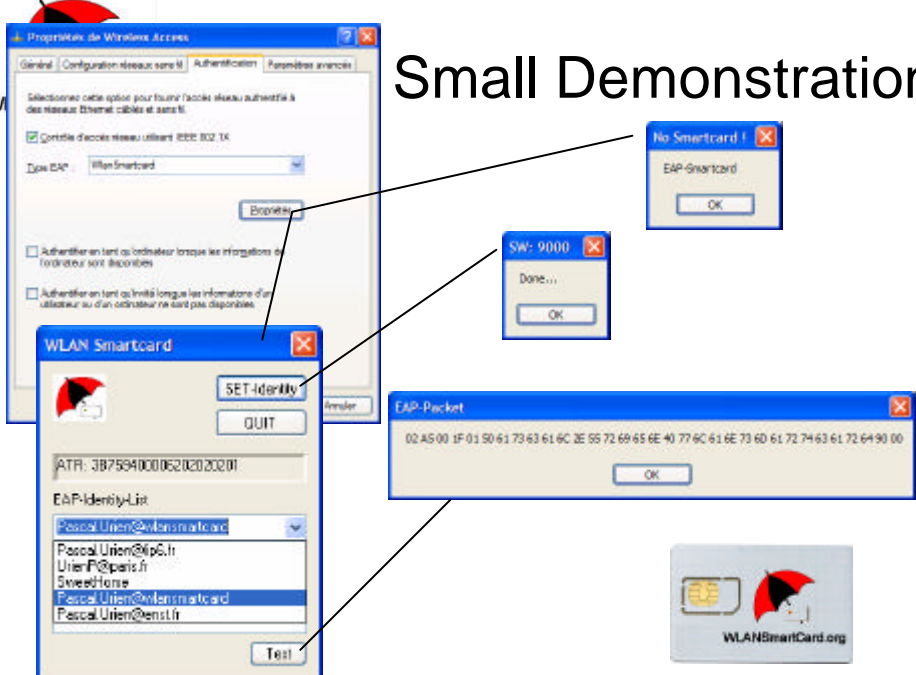
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New Services

- Wireless access to corporate networks (intranet) or to the internet.
- **Access control** is mandatory in many environments (who is using my network ?).
- **Non repudiation** (frame signature) is a pre-requisite for service **billing**.
- **Wireless user** privacy is a plus. But it may be performed at application level.

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Small Demonstration



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802.11 Radio Link Security

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802.11 Radio Security

- 1st generation Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP), defined in 802.11 standard
- ➔ • 2nd generation, 802.1x architecture (with WEP).
- 3rd generation, 802.1i, TKIP, hardware compatible with WEP
- 4nd generation, 802.1i + AES, hardware incompatible with WEP.

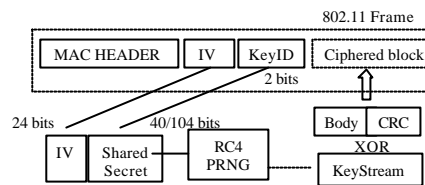
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WEP

- Works with for four static shared secrets and RC4 keys (64/128 bits), not scalable
- **1G Many security threats**,
 - Authentication, Data Integrity, Data Privacy.
- **2G - Periodic Authentication**,
 - Uses re-keying mechanisms (10,000 frames recommended, security limit at about one million frames....)



A WEP frame

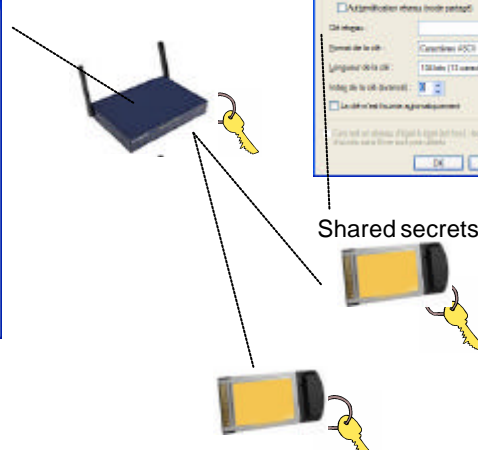
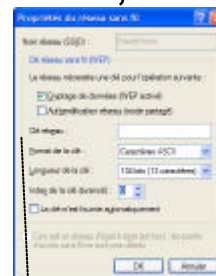
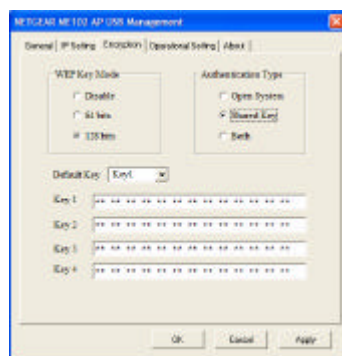
RC4 key, 64/128 bits

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WEP 1G, Key Management, not scalable



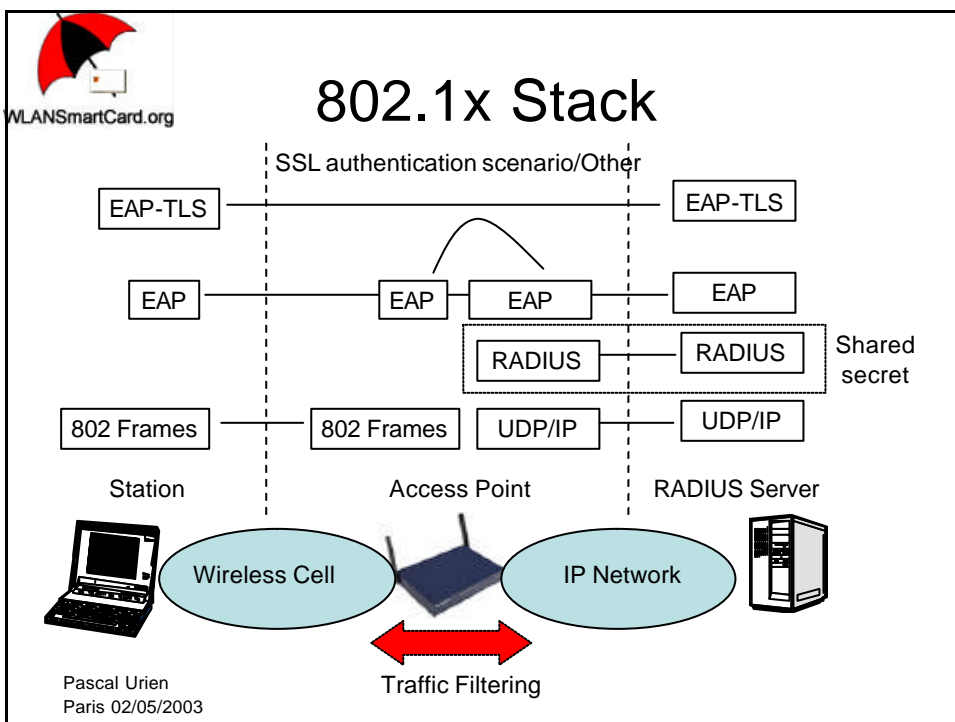
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IEEE 802.1x

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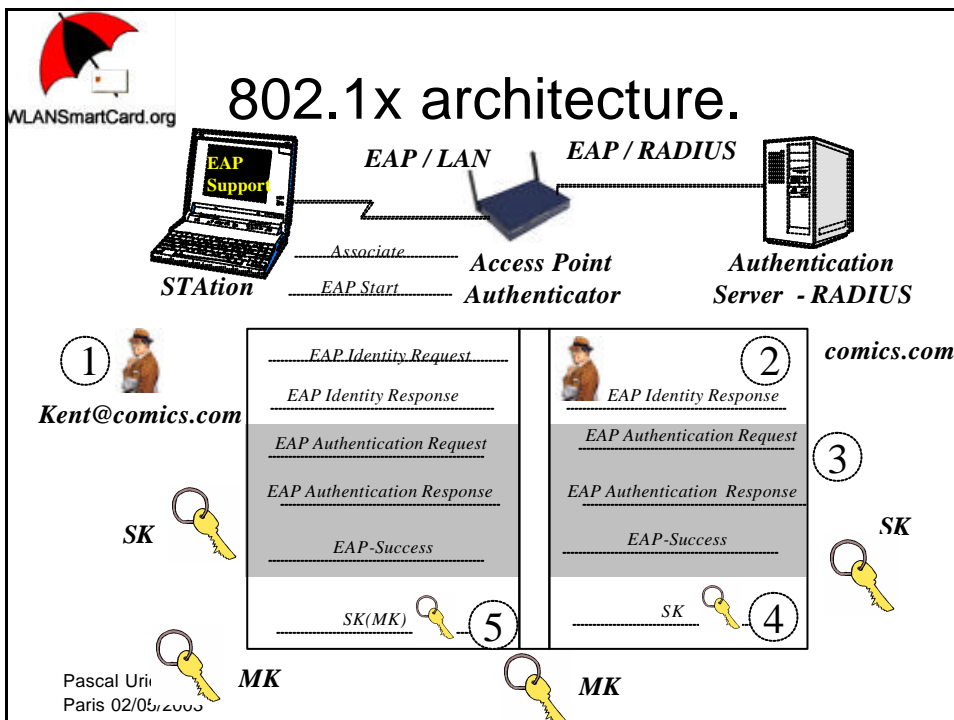




802.1x Typical Use.

- *Port Based Network Access Protocol*
- Deals with EAP (RFC 2284) protocol and RADIUS (RFC 2058). It is a key distribution architecture.
- Station (STA) sends an 802.11 association request to the access point (AP).
- Station sends a 802.1x EAP-EOL start message to AP.
- (1) Access Point AP sends an identity request to the station
- (2) Station produces an identity response. AP forwards this message to the RADIUS Server (RS), of which address is deduced from the identity parameter.
- (3) A set of request and response messages are exchanged between RS and STA and forwarded by AP.
- At the end of the authentication scenario, RS delivers a success notification to STA. RS and STA share a session key SK.
- (4) RS sends SK to AP. AP chooses a master key MK, other WEP key or TKIP master key.
- (5) AP sends MK to STA, encrypted by the session key SK.

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IEEE 802.1i - TKIP

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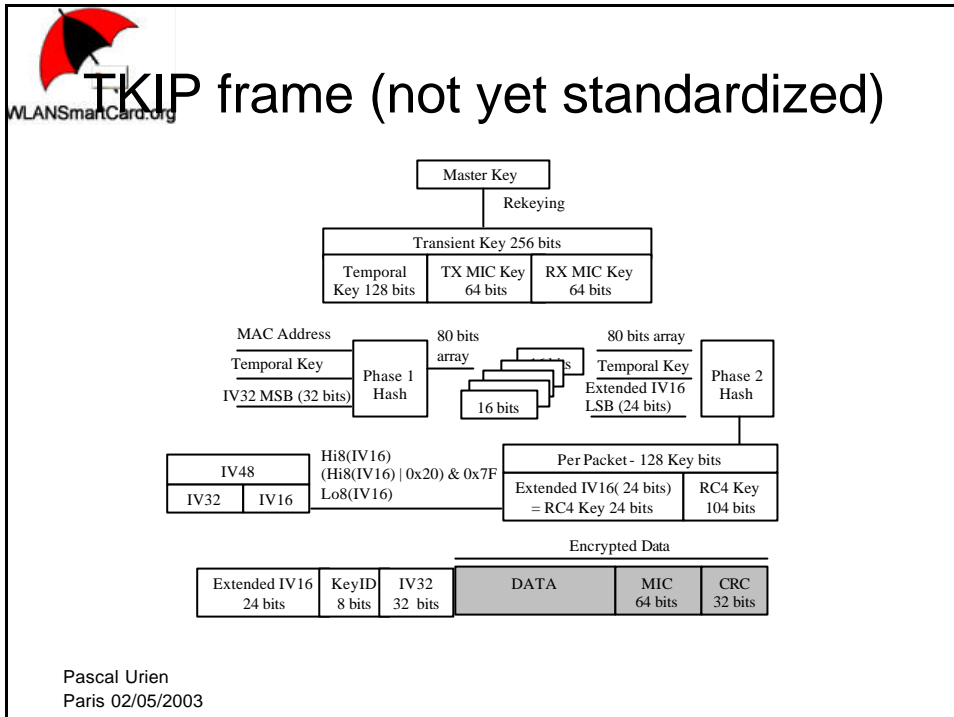


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802.1i TKIP

- New version of WEP, called TKIP, Temporal Key Integrity Protocol.
- Hardware compatible with WEP
 - Per Packet Key (RC4 128 bits).
 - Strong Packet Signature (Message Integrity Code).
 - Master Key Distributed via 802.1x
 - Ephemeris key (*Transient Key*), can be updated via a *re-keying process*.

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Extensible Authentication Protocol - EAP

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What is EAP ?

- An umbrella of authentication schemes shuttled by EAP packets.
- Defines user **Identity** concept, a Network Access Identifier.
- One authentication scheme (*Type field*) per authentication server,
 - MD5 Challenge, a digest is computed from a random value and a shared secret.
 - PPP EAP TLS a protocol based on SSL mechanisms.
 - IAKERB, adaptation of Kerberos V5 procedures.
 - EAP SIM, reuse of SIM smartcards (GSM 11.11).
 - EAP AKA, support of USIM smartcards (UMTS security modules).

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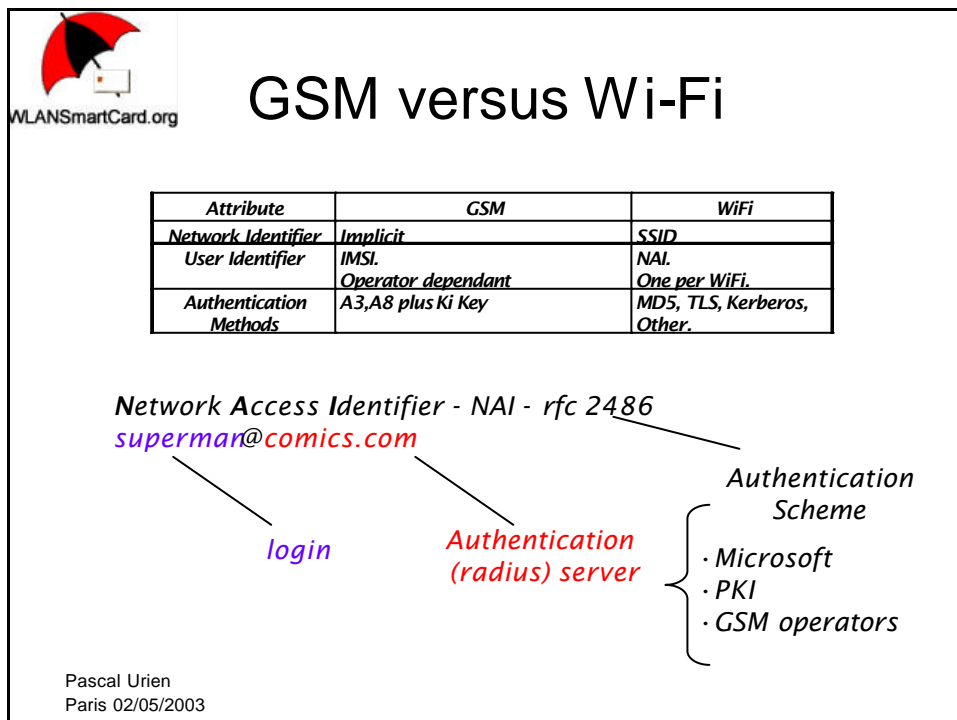
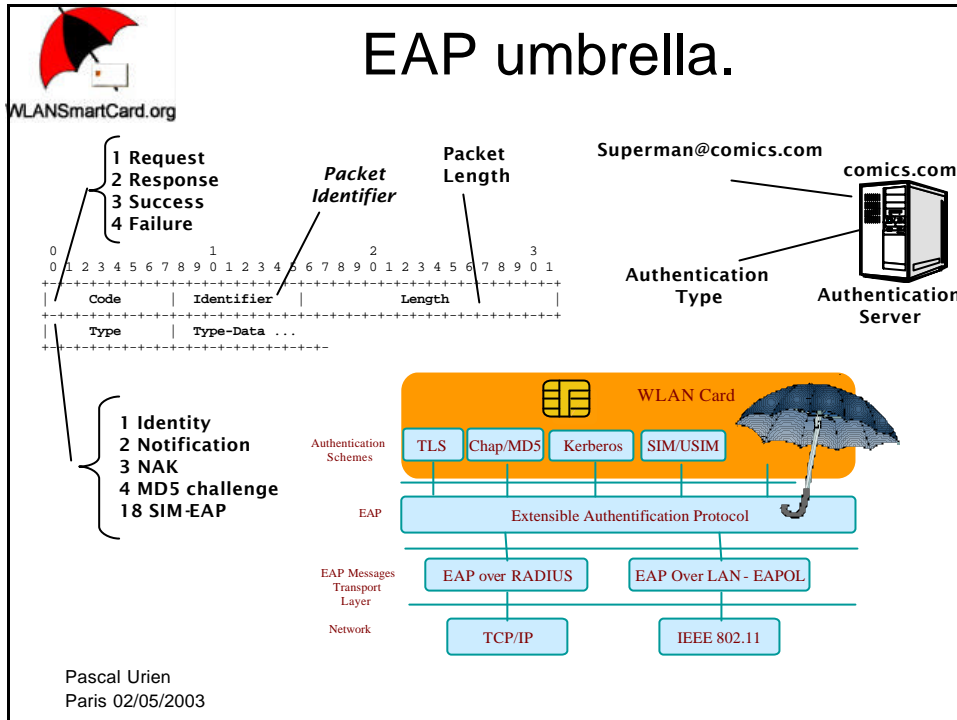
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Who is supporting EAP ?

- Normalization Committees.
 - IETF - RFC 2284.
 - IEEE - 802.1x.
 - Javacard forum
- Network Manufacturers
 - CISCO.
 - NOKIA.
- Operating System Manufacturers
 - Microsoft XP



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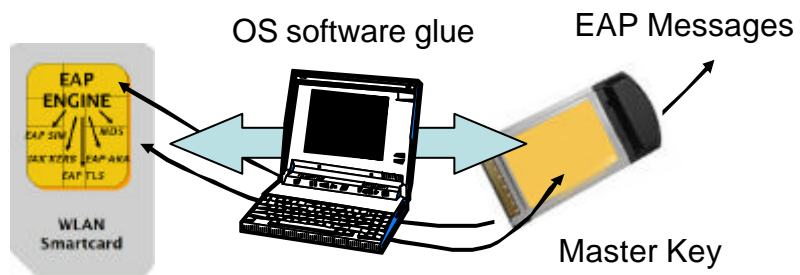
OS Glue

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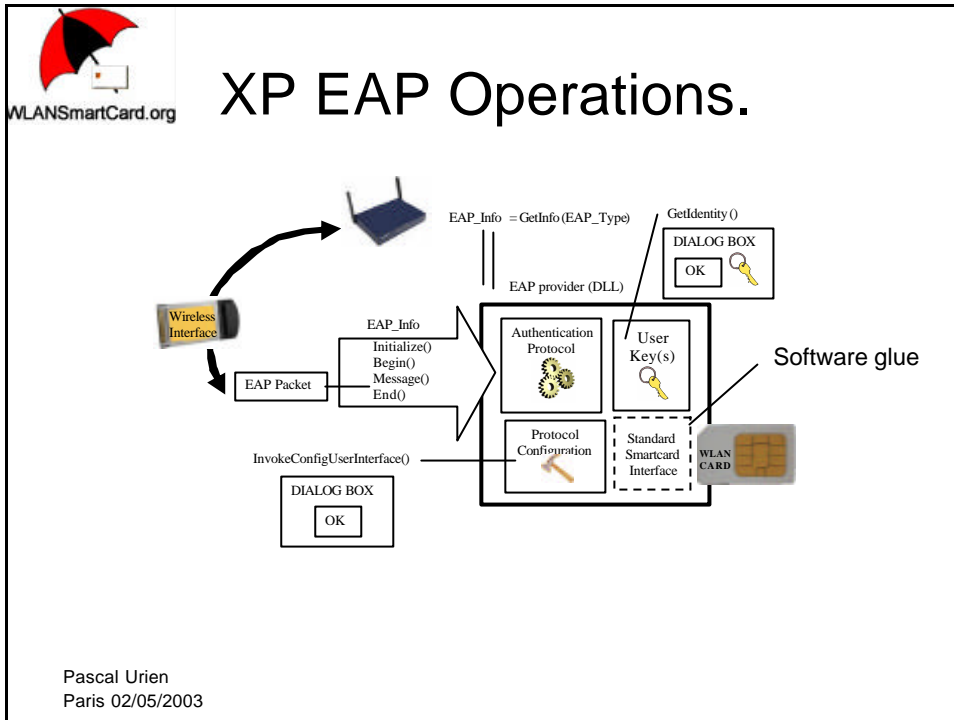


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Operating Software Glue.

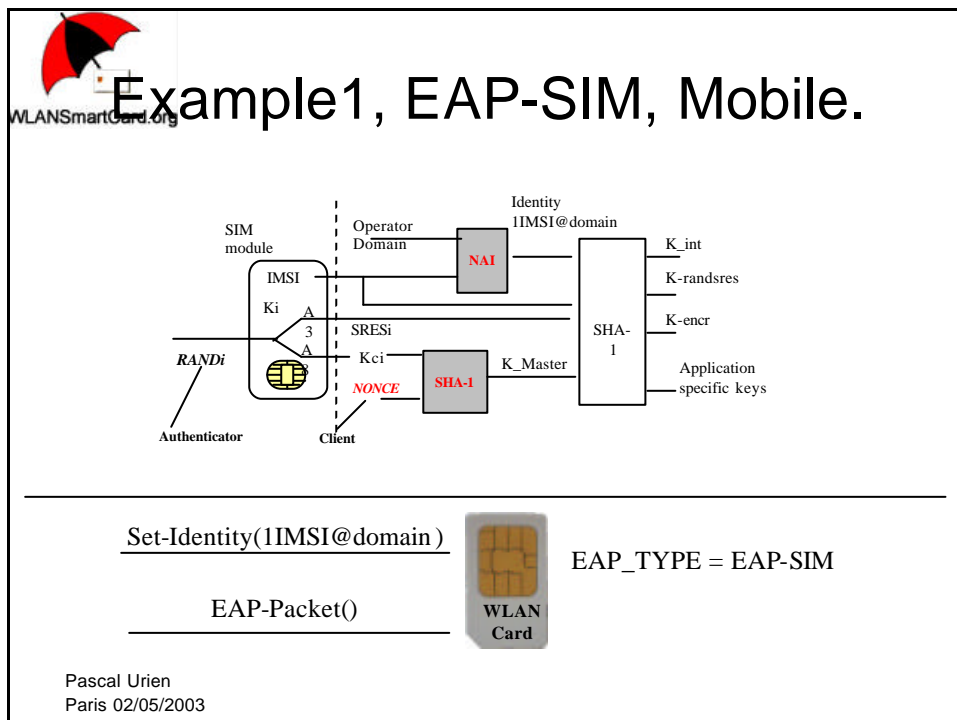
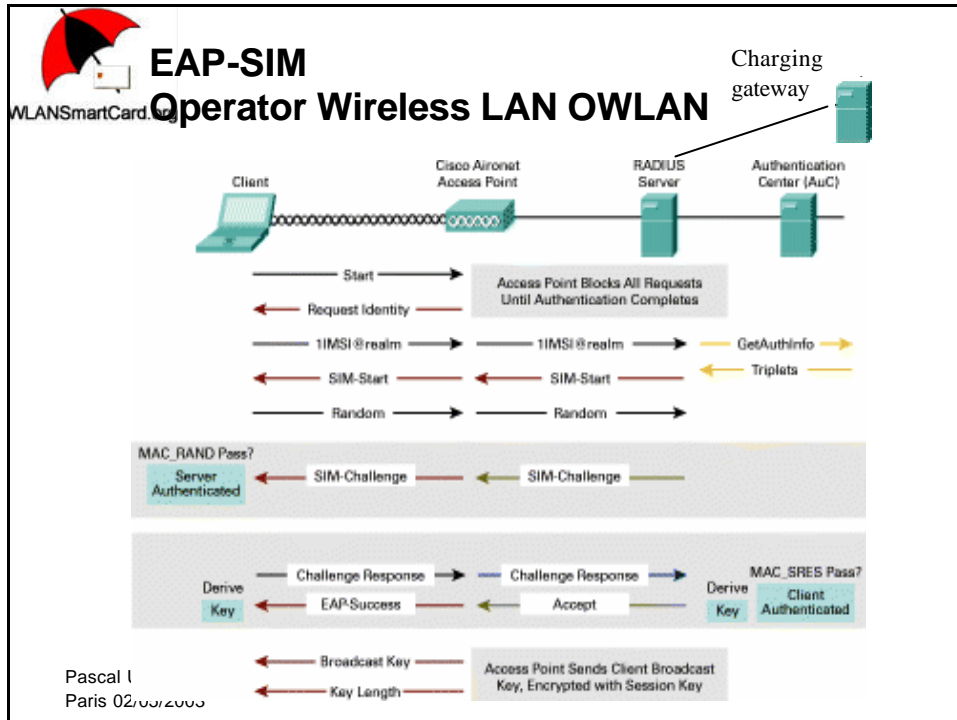


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Use cases

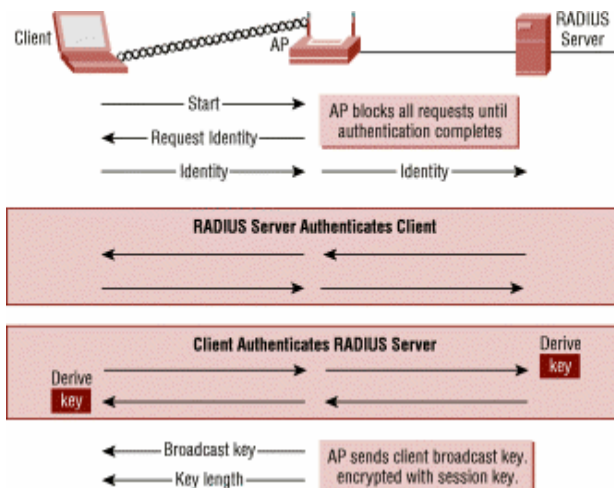
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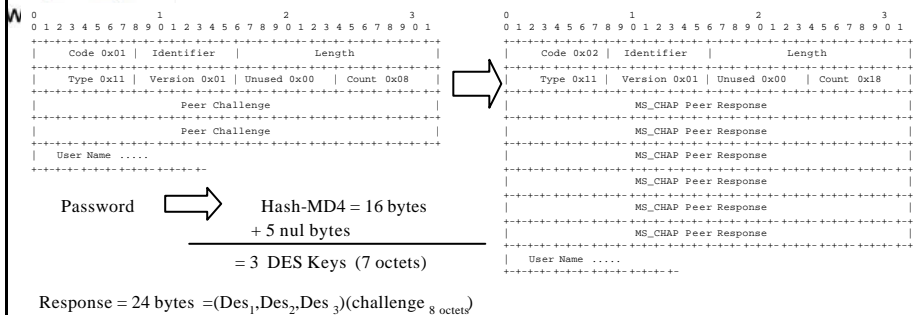
LEAP - NT like authentication. Dedicated to MS platforms.



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Example 2, LEAP, MS.



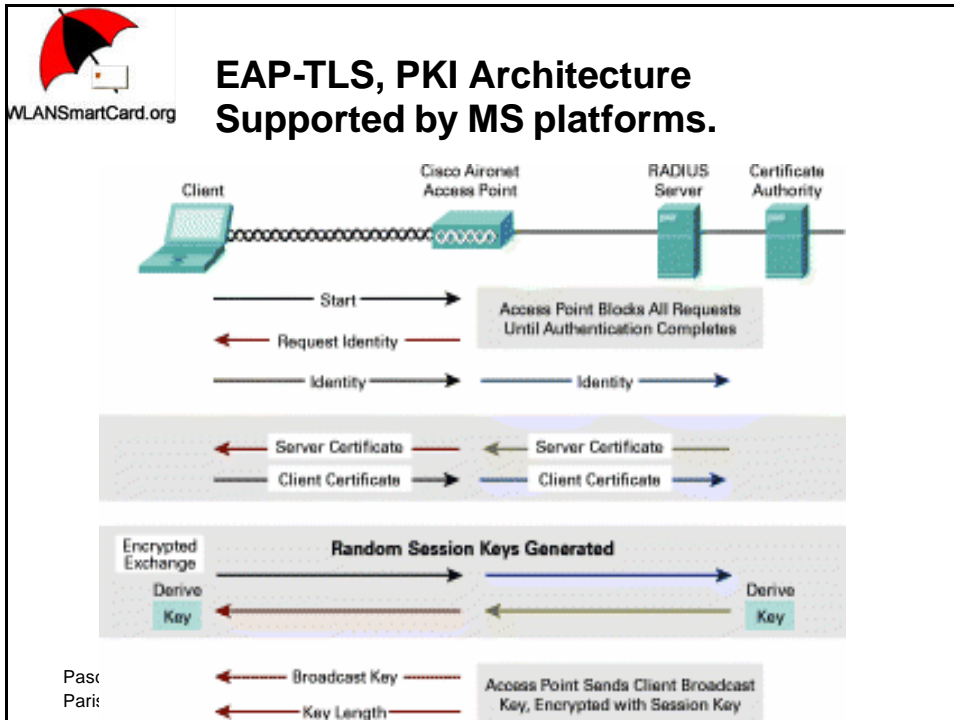
Set-Identity(MyUserName)

EAP-Packet()



EAP_TYPE = LEAP

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Example 3, EAP TLS, PKI.

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```

-<- EAP-Request/Identity
EAP-Response/Identity (MyID)----->
-<- EAP-Request/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS/
  TLS Start
EAP-Response/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS
(TLS client_hello)----->
-<- EAP-Request/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS
  TLS server_hello,
  TLS certificate,
  [TLS server_key_exchange,]
  [TLS certificate_request,]
  TLS server_hello_done)
EAP-Response/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS
  TLS certificate,
  TLS client_key_exchange,
  [TLS certificate_verify,]
  TLS change_cipher_spec,
  TLS finished)----->
-<- EAP-Request/
  EAP-Type=EAP-TLS
  (TLS change_cipher_spec,
  TLS finished)
EAP-Response/EAP-Type=EAP-TLS ----->
-<- EAP-Success
  
```

PrivateExponent

Digest MD5+SHA-1
36 octets

(Modulus)

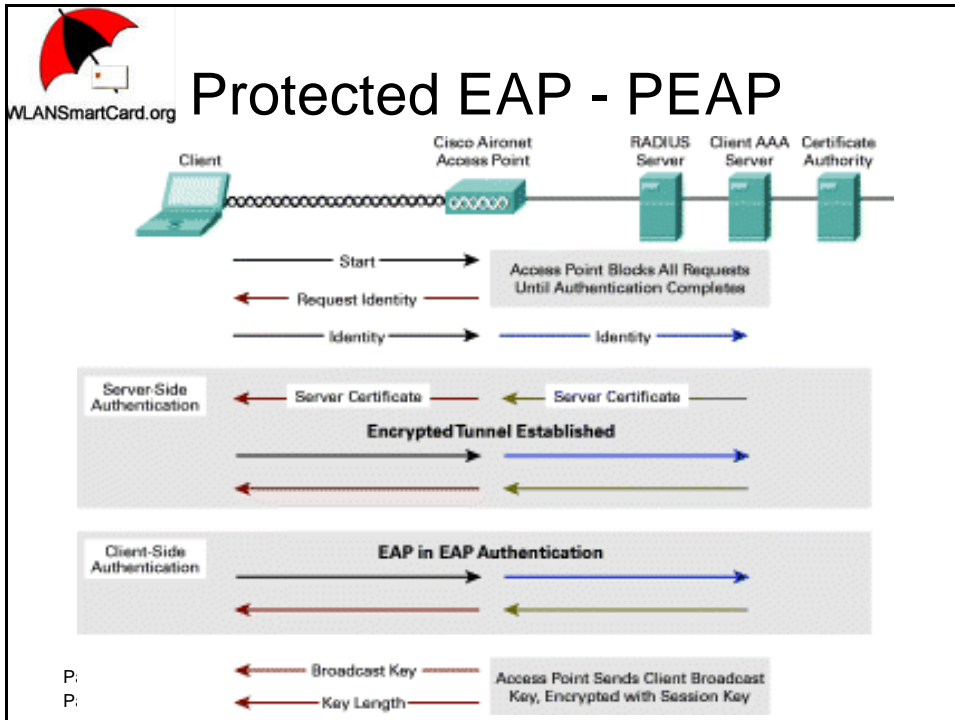
RSA Signature

Set-Identity(MyUserName)

EAP_PACKET() → EAP_TYPE = EAP-TLS

WLAN Card

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Normalization initiative.

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55th IETF Atlanta, GA, November 17-21, 2002

“EAP support in smartcards”

Draft-urien-EAP-smartcard-00.txt

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Draft Objectives.

- EAP support in smartcards.
 - EAP is computed in smartcard.
 - Profiles definition, for some EAP types (EAP-SIM, EAP-TLS, ...)
- Interoperability between ISO 7816 EAP smartcards.
- Agreement between major smartcard manufacturers.
- Four service primitives.
 - Get-Next-identity()
 - Set-Identity()
 - EAP-Packet()
 - Get-RSN-Master-Key()

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