



Calcul Quantique multi-party sécurisé

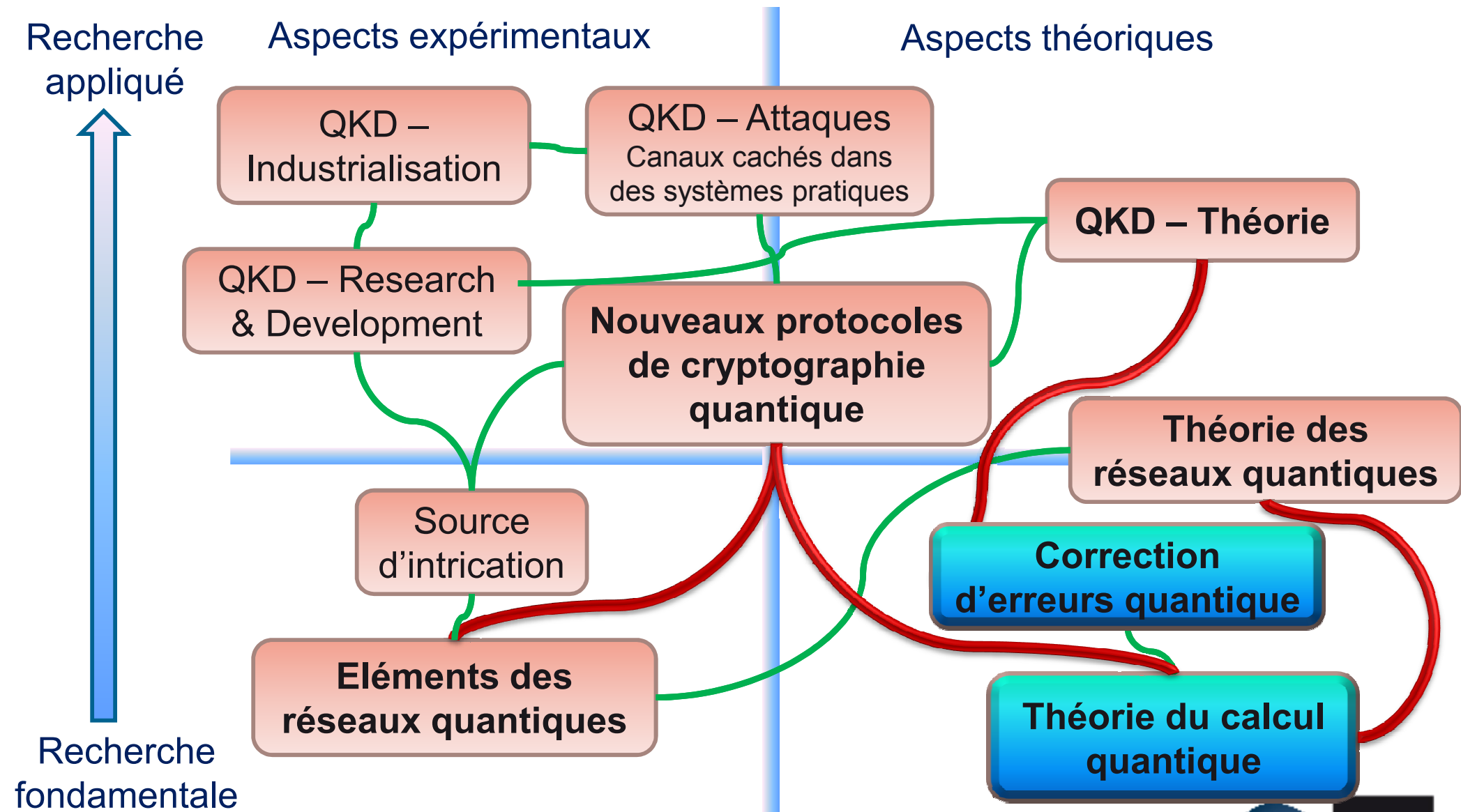


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Vue d'ensemble de notre recherche

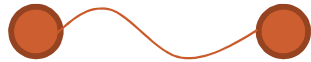


Quantum Computation and Information Processing



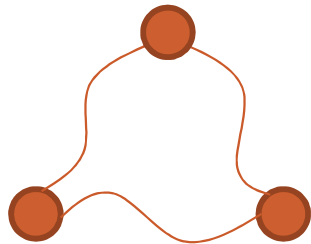
Qubit

Vector in 2D Hilbert space



Entanglement

- Spreads information
- Non-local effects



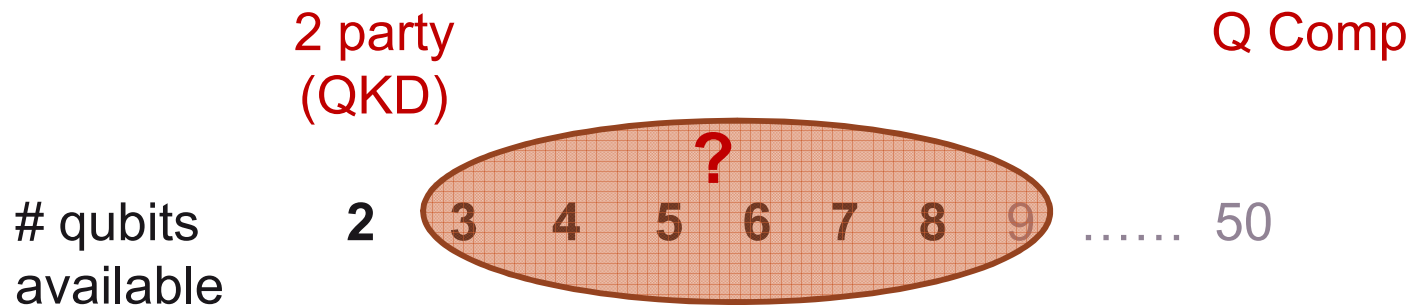
Multipartite Entanglement

- Different *types*  different *spreading*

- **Absolute 2-party security** (QKD)
- **Exponential speed up** (Shor Algorithm)

Challenges for Quantum Computation and Information Processing

■ New applications and protocols



■ Integration of tasks

Computation + Communication + Error correction

■ Understanding of fundamental role and use of entanglement

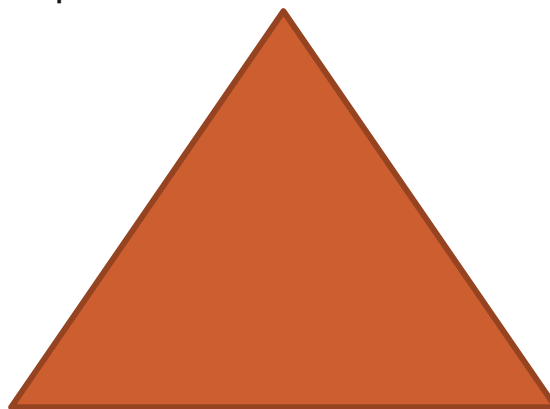
Boundary between classical and quantum?
How far can be pushed?



Approach

Physics of quantum network setting

Multipartite entanglement
Manipulation of information



Computer Science Tools

Formal methods of quantum computing,
Semantics of quantum info. processing

Systems

Implementations in optics and solid state.

Collaborations

 LRI, UP7, Grenoble, Bordeaux, INRIA ( COCQ)

 Oxford, Imperial, Leeds, Edinburgh

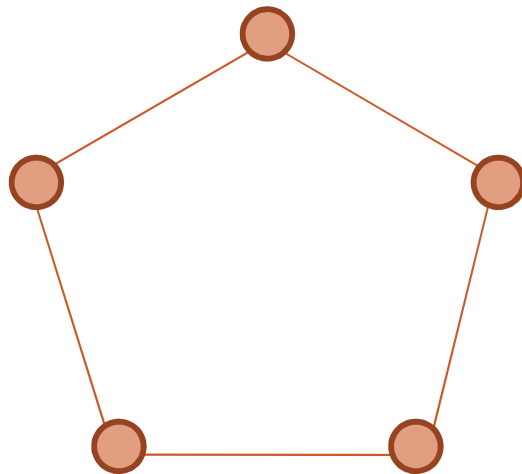
 Erlangen

 Tokyo, ERATO, NII (  QComp. The. & Feas.,  JFLI)

 Calgary (  FREQUENCY)



Graph states for Secret Sharing



Class of multipartite entangled states

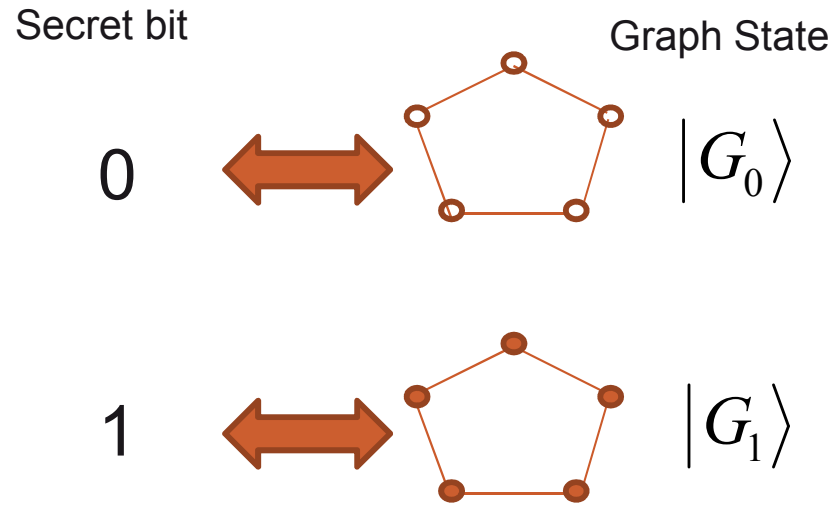
Graph \longleftrightarrow quantum state

- Vertex = qubit
- Edge = entanglement

- Used for quantum computation, error correction
- Many implementations (e.g. linear optics, spin systems)
- Entanglement and information distribution

Graph states for Secret Sharing

■ Encode



Secret qubit

$$|\varphi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle \quad \alpha|G_0\rangle + \beta|G_1\rangle$$

- **Access of information – local manipulation of information and discrimination**

Graph states for Secret Sharing

■ Graphical Formalism

(in collaboration with Grenoble, Bordeaux)

Develop formal language based on measurement calculus



Complete graphical representation of quantum secret sharing

Flow conditions* – which class of graphs can do perfect computation

Players with access:
 $X \cup V / \text{odd}(X)$

Extension – secret = input, compute identity, restrict who can read output

Players no access:
 $T(X \cup V / \text{odd}(X))$

E.G. some access structures need higher dimension

■ Implementation by linear optics (feasible with current technology)

(in collaboration with Erlangen, Tokyo, Calgary)



Graph states for Secret Sharing

The next steps...

- **Extension to higher dimension**
 - Graphical characterisation
 - Efficiency
 - Security proofs

- **Integration**

- **Implementation by linear optics (feasible with current technology)**



Perspectives

■ Development and Implementation of graph state networks

- Integration and extension to quantum networks (computation, communication and fault tolerance)
- Implementation in optics

(PhD Marin, Diamanti, Zaquine)

■ Fundamentals of quantum network setting

- Solidify relationship between network tasks and entanglement types
- Develop general framework for network tasks *common formal language*

(Alléaume, Diamanti)

■ Exploration of entanglement in physical systems

- Entanglement in optics, spin and condensed matter for QIP
- Exotic entanglement in nature and QIP

(PhD Wang, Diamanti)