

# A Bayesian Experimental Design Approach Maximizing Information Gain for Human-Computer Interaction

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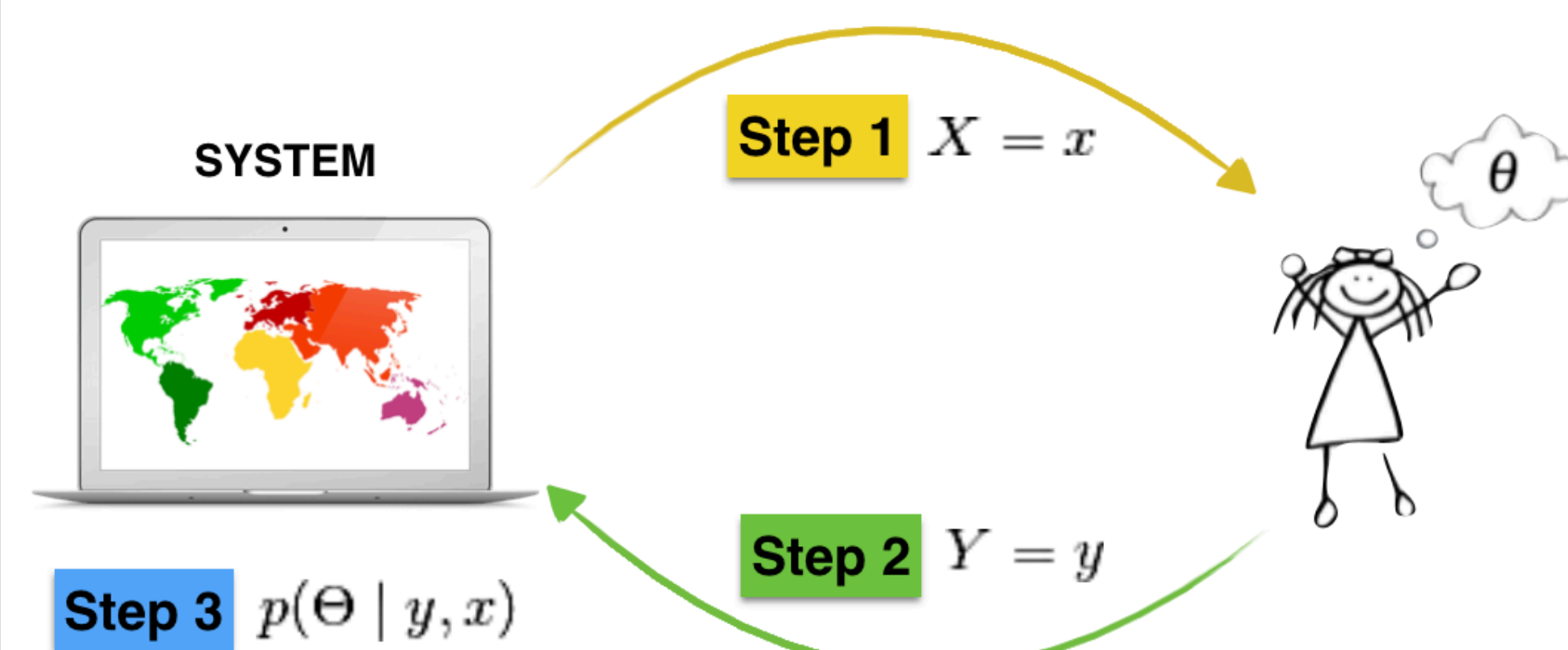
## Introduction

A new information-theoretic approach based on **Bayesian Experimental Design (BED)** is applied to human-computer interaction, and in particular to multi-scale navigation. Instead of simply executing user commands, our **BIG (Bayesian Information Gain)** technique is modeling user behavior and tries to gain information by maximizing the expected mutual information provided by the users' subsequent input.

## Notations

	BED	BIG
$\theta$	parameter to be determined	intended target in users' mind
$y$	observation	user command
$x$	experiment design	system feedback
$p(y \theta, x)$	model for making observation $y$ , given $\theta$ and $x$	model for user providing command $y$ , given $\theta$ and $x$
$p(\theta)$	prior	system's prior knowledge about users' goals
$p(\theta y, x)$	posterior	updated knowledge
$I(\Theta; Y X = x)$	utility of the design $x$	utility of the feedback $x$
$H(\Theta) - H(\Theta X = x, Y = y)$	utility of the experiment outcome after observation $y$ with design $x$	utility of the outcome after user input $y$ with system feedback $x$

## BIG Approach



Init:  $p(\theta) ; p(y|\theta, x)$

Step 1 Find  $x$  that maximizes:

$$I(\Theta; Y|X = x) = H(\Theta|X = x) - H(\Theta|Y, X = x) = H(\Theta) - H(\Theta|Y, X = x)$$

Step 2 Send  $x$  to the user and get user command  $y$ . The actual information gain is:

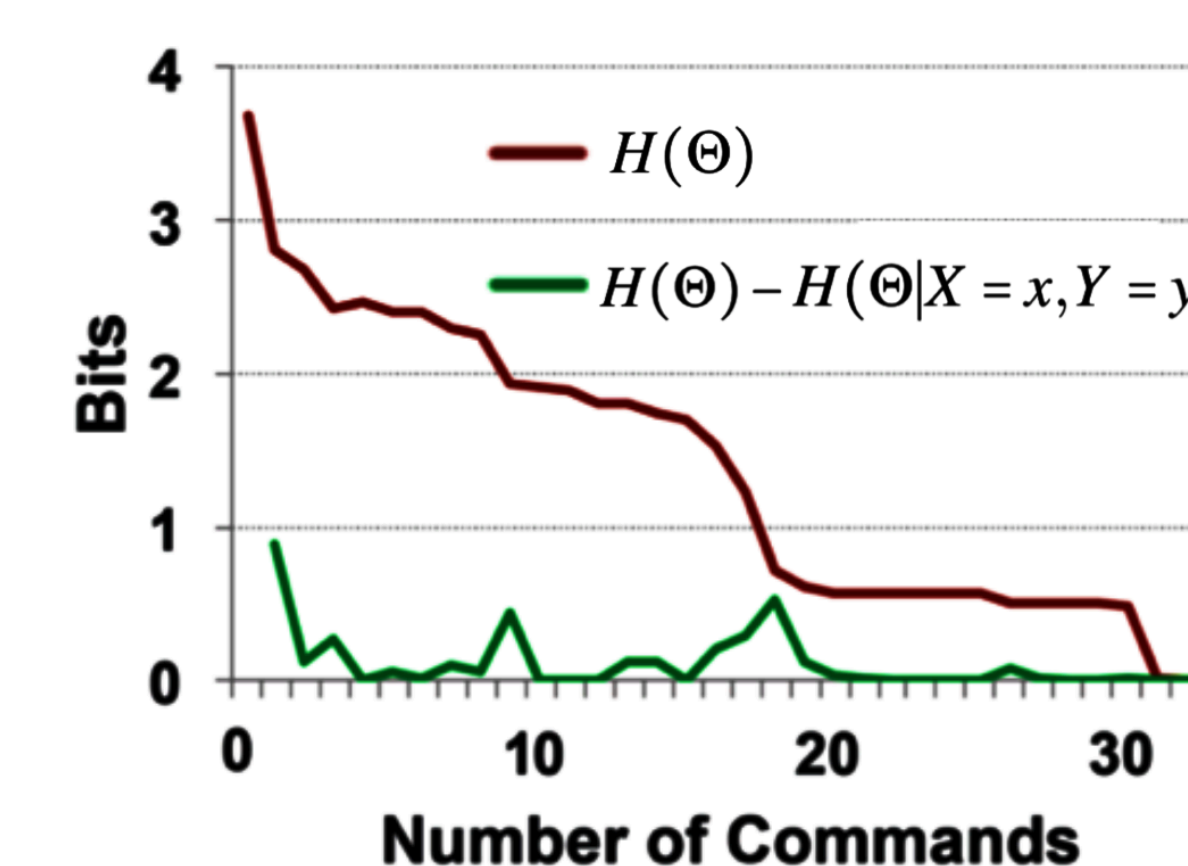
$$H(\Theta) - H(\Theta|X = x, Y = y)$$

Step 3 Update the probability distribution and compute posterior  $p(\theta|y, x)$  from prior  $p(\theta)$ .

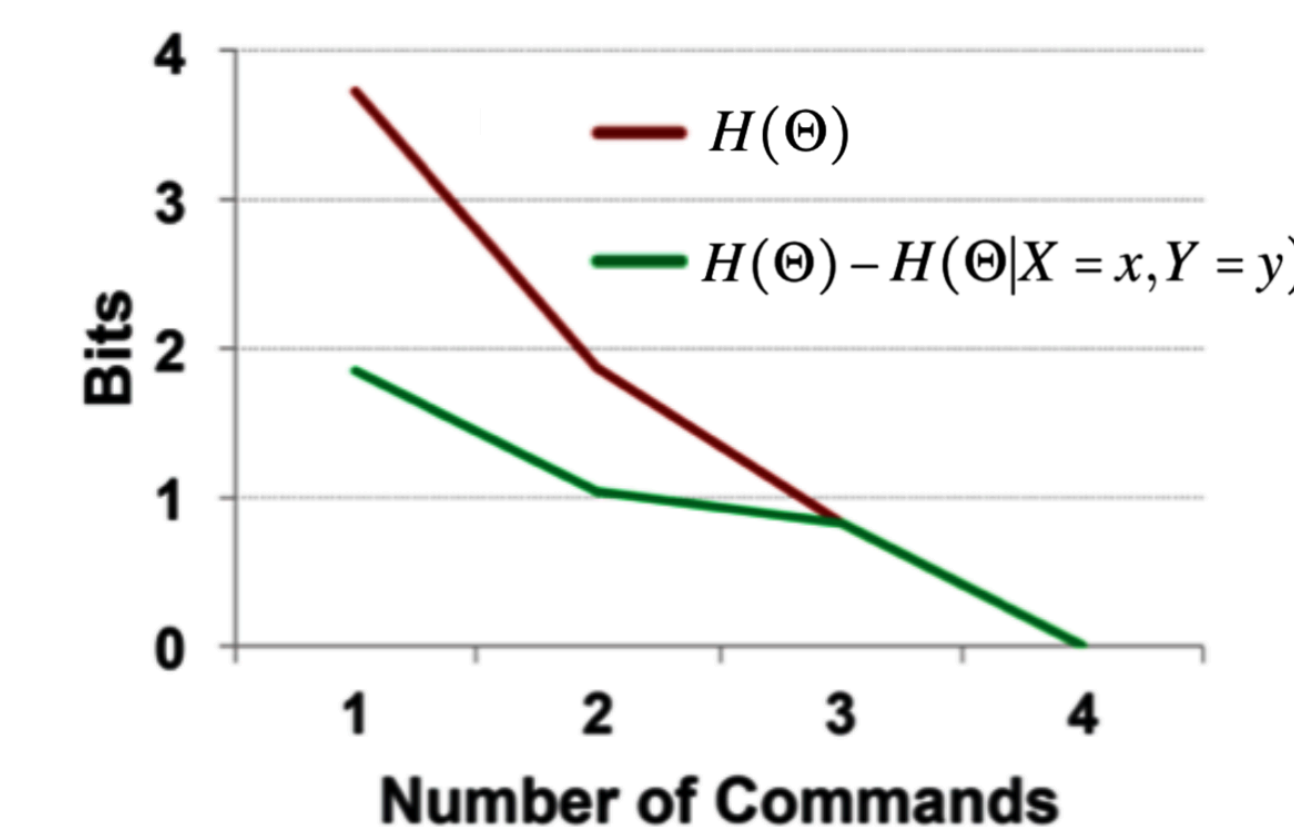
$$P(\Theta = \theta | X = x, Y = y) = \frac{P(Y = y | \Theta = \theta, X = x)P(\Theta = \theta)}{P(Y = y|X = x)}$$

## Controlled Experiment

A controlled experiment with 16 participants comparing **BIG** method and standard **Pan&Zoom** navigation.

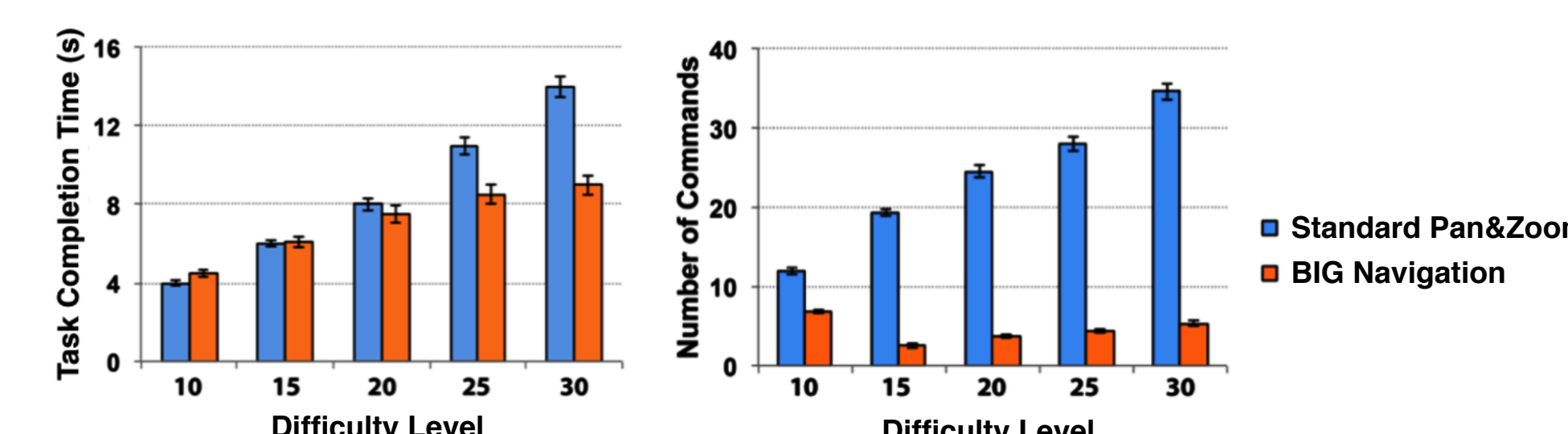


Standard  
Pan&Zoom  
Navigation



BIG  
Navigation

In BIG navigation, after each user command, the uncertainty the system has about users' goals decreases on average:  $\mathbb{E}_{x,y}(H(\Theta|Y = y, X = x)) = H(\Theta|Y, X) \leq H(\Theta)$



## BIGmap

Apply **BIG** to a more realistic map application where the probability of a city is proportional to its population



## Perspectives

The Bayesian Information Gain model opens up a wide range of opportunities for Human-Computer Partnership, which combines user control with machine power:

$x$  any system feedback  
 $y$  any user input



$p(\theta)$  the system's prior knowledge about users' goals

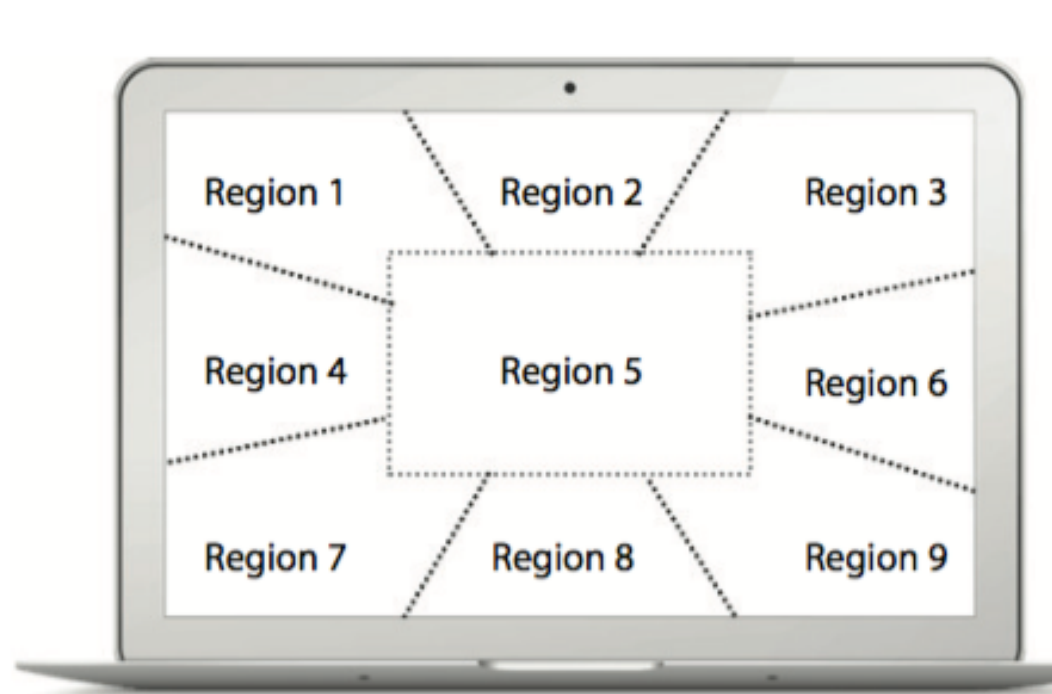
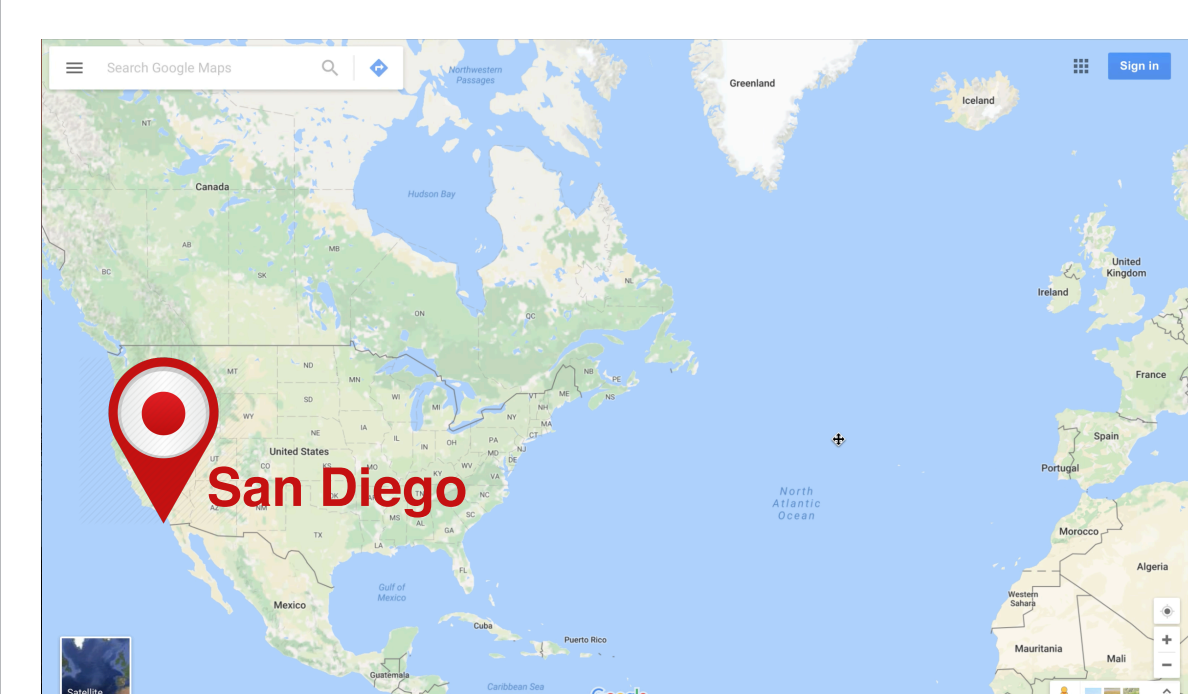
Other applications: searching tasks such as file search.

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## Application to Multi-scale Navigation



$x$  a particular view the system sends to users

$y$  user input discretized into 9 commands (8 pan directions and 1 zoom-in region)

$p(\theta)$  the system's prior knowledge about the points of interest in users' mind

$p(y|\theta, x)$  user behavior is modeled from a calibration session

## References

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